

# User Manual NanoLib

## Python

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## 1 Document aim and conventions

This document describes the setup and use of the *NanoLib* library and contains a reference to all classes and functions for programming your own control software for Nanotec controllers. We use the following typefaces:

Underlined text marks a cross reference or hyperlink.

- Example 1: For exact instructions on the *NanoLibAccessor*, see [Setup](#).
- Example 2: Install the [Ixxat driver](#) and connect the CAN-to-USB adapter.

*Italic text* means: This is a *named object*, a *menu path / item*, a *tab / file name* or (if necessary) a *foreign-language expression*.

- Example 1: Select *File > New > Blank Document*. Open the *Tool* tab and select *Comment*.
- Example 2: This document divides users (= *Nutzer*; *usuario*; *utente*; *utilisateur*; *utente* etc.) from:
  - Third-party user (= *Drittnutzer*; *tercero usuario*; *terceiro utente*; *tiers utilisateur*; *terzo utente* etc.).
  - End user (= *Endnutzer*; *usuario final*; *utente final*; *utilisateur final*; *utente finale* etc.).

**Courier** marks code blocks or programming commands.

- Example 1: Via Bash, call `sudo make install` to copy shared objects; then call `ldconfig`.
- Example 2: Use the following *NanoLibAccessor* function to change the logging level in *NanoLib*:

```
//  
***** C++ variant *****  
void setLoggingLevel(LogLevel level);
```

**Bold text** emphasizes individual words of **critical** importance. Alternatively, bracketed exclamation marks emphasize the **critical(!)** importance.

- Example 1: Protect yourself, others and your equipment. Follow our **general** safety notes that are generally applicable to **all** Nanotec products.
- Example 2: For your own protection, also follow **specific** safety notes that apply to **this** specific product.

The verb *to co-click* means a click via secondary mouse key to open a context menu etc.

- Example 1: Co-click on the file, select *Rename*, and rename the file.
- Example 2: To check the properties, co-click on the file and select *Properties*.

## 2 Before you start

Before you start using *NanoLib*, do prepare your PC and inform yourself about the intended use and the library limitations.

### 2.1 System and hardware requirements

#### NOTICE



#### Malfunction from 32-bit operation!

- ▶ Use, and consistently maintain, a 64-bit system.
- ▶ Follow valid OEM instructions.

*NanoLib 1.2.0* supports all Nanotec products with CANopen, Modbus RTU (also USB on virtual com port), Modbus TCP, EtherCat, and Profinet. For **older** NanoLibs: See changelog in the imprint. At **your** risk only: legacy-system use. **Note:** Follow valid OEM instructions to set the latency as low as possible if you face problems when using an FTDI-based USB adapter.

#### Requirements (64-bit system mandatory)

Windows 10 or 11 w/ *Visual Studio*

- CANopen: *Ixxat* VCI driver (optional)
- EtherCat module / Profinet DCP: *Npcap* or *WinPcap*
- RESTful module: *Npcap*, *WinPcap*, or admin permission to communicate w/ Ethernet bootloaders

Linux w/ *Ubuntu 18 to 24* (all x64 and arm64)

- Kernel headers and *libpopt-dev* packet
- Profinet DCP: *CAP\_NET\_ADMIN* and *CAP\_NET\_RAW* abilities
- CANopen: *Ixxat* ECI driver or *Peak PCAN-USB* adapter
- EtherCat: *CAP\_NET\_ADMIN*, *CAP\_NET\_RAW* and *CAP\_SYS\_NICE* abilities
- RESTful: *CAP\_NET\_ADMIN* ability to communicate w/ Ethernet bootloaders (also recommended: *CAP\_NET\_RAW*)

#### Language, fieldbus adapters, cables

Python 3.7 to 3.12

- EtherCAT: *Ethernet cable*
- VCP / USB hub: *now uniform USB*
- USB mass storage: *USB cable*
- REST: *Ethernet cable*
- CANopen: *Ixxat USB-to-CAN V2*; *Nanotec ZK-USB-CAN-1*. **No** Ixxat support for *Ubuntu* on *arm64*
- Modbus RTU: *Nanotec ZK-USB-RS-485-1* or equivalent adapter; USB cable on virtual com port (VCP)
- Modbus TCP: *Ethernet cable as per product datasheet*

## 2.2 Intended use and audience

*NanoLib* is a program library and software component for the operation of, and communication with, Nanotec controllers in a wide range of industrial applications – and for duly skilled programmers only.

Due to real-time incapable hardware (PC) and operating system, *NanoLib* is not for use in applications that need synchronous multi-axis movement or are generally time-sensitive.

In no case may you integrate *NanoLib* as a safety component into a product or system. On delivery to end users, you must add corresponding warning notices and instructions for safe use and safe operation to each product with a Nanotec-manufactured component. You must pass all Nanotec-issued warning notices right to the end user.

## 2.3 Scope of delivery and warranty

*NanoLib* comes as a \*.zip folder from our download website for either EMEA / APAC or AMERICA. Duly store and unzip your download before setup. The *NanoLib* package contains:

- Interface classes as source code (API)
- Core functions as library in binary format: *\_nanolib\_python.pyd*

- Libraries that facilitate communication: *nanolibm\_[yourfieldbus].dll* etc.
- Example code: *nanolib\_example.py* and *\*\_helper.py*

For scope of warranty, please observe a) our terms and conditions for either EMEA / APAC or AMERICA and b) all license terms. **Note:** Nanotec is not liable for faulty or undue quality, handling, installation, operation, use, and maintenance of third-party equipment! For due safety, always follow valid OEM instructions.

## 3 The *NanoLib* architecture

*NanoLib*'s modular software structure lets you arrange freely customizable motor controller / fieldbus functions around a strictly pre-built core. *NanoLib* contains the following modules:

| User interface (API)                                                                                                                                                   | NanoLib core                                                                                                                | Communication libraries                                                                                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Interface and helper classes which                                                                                                                                     | Libraries which                                                                                                             | Fieldbus-specific libraries which                                                                              |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ access you to your controller's OD (object dictionary)</li> <li>■ base on the <i>NanoLib</i> core functionalities.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ implement the API functionality</li> <li>■ interact with bus libraries.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ do interface between <i>NanoLib</i> core and bus hardware.</li> </ul> |

### 3.1 User interface

The user interface consists of header interface files you can use to access the controller parameters. The user interface classes as described in the [Classes / functions reference](#) allow you to:

- Connect to both the hardware (fieldbus adapter) and the controller device.
- Access the OD of the device, to read/write the controller parameters.

### 3.2 *NanoLib* core

The *NanoLib* core comes with the library *nanolib\_python.pyd*. It implements the user interface functionality and is responsible for:

- Loading and managing the communication libraries.
- Providing the user interface functionalities in the [NanoLibAccessor](#). This communication entry point defines a set of operations you can execute on the *NanoLib* core and communication libraries.

### 3.3 Communication libraries

In addition to *nanotec.services.nanolib.dll* (useful for your optional *Plug & Drive Studio*), *NanoLib* offers the following communication libraries:

- |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                         |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <i>nanolibm_canopen.dll</i></li> <li>■ <i>nanolibm_modbus.dll</i></li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <i>nanolibm_ethercat.dll</i></li> <li>■ <i>nanolibm_restful-api.dll</i></li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <i>nanolibm_usbmmsc.dll</i></li> <li>■ <i>nanolibm_profinet.dll</i></li> </ul> |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

All libraries lay a hardware abstraction layer between core and controller. The core loads them at startup from the designated project folder and uses them to establish communication with the controller by corresponding protocol.

## 4 Getting started

Read how to set up *NanoLib* for your operating system duly and how to connect hardware as needed.

### 4.1 Prepare your system

Before installing the adapter drivers, do prepare your PC along the operating system first. To prepare the PC along your Windows OS, install *Python 3.7 to 3.12* from their Website. To install *make* and *gcc* by *Linux Bash*, call `sudo apt install build-essentials`. Do then enable `CAP_NET_ADMIN`, `CAP_NET_RAW`, and `CAP_SYS_NICE` capabilities for the application that uses *NanoLib*:

1. Call `sudo setcap 'cap_net_admin,cap_net_raw,cap_sys_nice+eip' <application_name>`.
2. Only then, install your adapter drivers.

### 4.2 Install the *Ixxat* adapter driver for Windows

Only after due driver installation, you may use Ixxat's *USB-to-CAN V2* adapter. Read the USB drives' product manual, to learn if / how to activate the virtual comport (VCP).

1. Download and install Ixxat's VCI 4 driver for Windows from [www.ixxat.com](http://www.ixxat.com).
2. Connect Ixxat's USB-to-CAN V2 compact adapter to the PC via USB.
3. By Device Manager: Check if both driver and adapter are duly installed/recognized.

### 4.3 Install the *Peak* adapter driver for Windows

Only after due driver installation, you may use Peak's *PCAN-USB* adapter. Read the USB drives' product manual, to learn if / how to activate the virtual comport (VCP).

1. Download and install the Windows device driver setup (= installation package w/ device drivers, tools, and APIs) from <http://www.peak-system.com>.
2. Connect Peak's PCAN-USB adapter to the PC via USB.
3. By Device Manager: Check if both driver and adapter are duly installed/recognized.

### 4.4 Install the *Ixxat* adapter driver for Linux

Only after due driver installation, you may use Ixxat's *USB-to-CAN V2* adapter. **Note:** Other supported adapters need your permissions by `sudo chmod +777/dev/ttyACM*` (\* device number). Read the USB drives' product manual, to learn if / how to activate the virtual comport (VCP).

1. Install the software needed for the ECI driver and demo application:

```
sudo apt-get update
apt-get install libusb-1.0-0-dev libusb-0.1-4 libc6 libstdc++6 libgcc1 build-essential
```

2. Download the ECI-for-Linux driver from [www.ixxat.com](http://www.ixxat.com). Unzip it via:

```
unzip eci_driver_linux_amd64.zip
```

3. Install the driver via:

```
cd /EciLinux_amd/src/KernelModule
sudo make install-usb
```

4. Check for successful driver installation by compiling and starting the demo application:

```
cd /EciLinux_amd/src/EciDemos/
sudo make
cd /EciLinux_amd/bin/release/
./LinuxEciDemo
```

## 4.5 Install the Peak adapter driver for Linux

Only after due driver installation, you may use Peak's PCAN-USB adapter. **Note:** Other supported adapters need your permissions by `sudo chmod +777/dev/ttyACM*` (\* device number). Read the USB drives' product manual, to learn if / how to activate the virtual comport (VCP).

1. Check if your Linux has kernel headers: `ls /usr/src/linux-headers-`uname -r``. **If not**, install them:

```
sudo apt-get install linux-headers-`uname -r`
```

2. Only now, install the `libpopt-dev` packet:

```
sudo apt-get install libpopt-dev
```

3. Download the needed driver package (`peak-linux-driver-xxx.tar.gz`) from [www.peak-system.com](http://www.peak-system.com).

4. To unpack it, use:

```
tar xzf peak-linux-driver-xxx.tar.gz
```

5. In the unpacked folder: Compile and install the drivers, PCAN base library, etc.:

```
make all
```

```
sudo make install
```

6. To check the function, plug the PCAN-USB adapter in.

- a) Check the kernel module:

```
lsmod | grep pcан
```

- b) ... and the shared library:

```
ls -l /usr/lib/libpcan*
```

**Note:** If USB3 problems occur, use a USB2 port.

## 4.6 Connect your hardware

To be able to run a NanoLib project, connect a compatible Nanotec controller to the PC using your adapter.

1. By a suitable cable, connect your adapter to the controller.
2. Connect the adapter to the PC according to the adapter data sheet.
3. Power on the controller using a suitable power supply.
4. If needed, change the Nanotec controller's communication settings as instructed in its product manual.

## 4.7 Load NanoLib

For a first start with quick-and-easy basics, you may (but must not) use our example project.

1. Depending on your region: Download NanoLib from our website for either [EMEA / APAC](#) or [AMERICA](#).
2. Unzip the package's files / folders and do select one option:
  - [Windows Setup](#).
  - [Linux Setup](#).

## 5 Windows Setup

A 64-bit system is mandatory to set up *NanoLib* with Python in Windows. **Note:** To avert conflict with similar-named products, Python's pip package is called *nanotec\_nanolib\_win*.

1. Install *Python* ≥ 3.7 from [www.python.org/](http://www.python.org/).
2. Nanotec advises to use a virtual environment before installing nanoteclib, to open a CMD, and to set a virtual environment as follows:

```
mkdir test_project
cd test_project
python -m venv .env
.env\Scripts\activate.bat
```

→ On setup **success**, the CMD shows an (.env) prefix, say, (.env) C:\test\_project>

3. Use the *wheel* package to install nanoteclib by `pip3 install wheel`.
4. In the console: Type `pip install [Drive:\Path...\Zip-Filename]` and press *Enter*.
5. Wait for the shell to produce a success report ending on Successfully installed nanotec\_nano-lib\_win-N.N.N, with N.N.N telling the NanoLib version.
6. To check if the installation has worked, open a command line or powershell, if you haven't already.
7. Type `python` and press *Enter* to open Python's shell and see something like this:

```
Python <>
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

8. In Python: Type `import nanotec_nanolib` and press *Enter*. If no error shows, the installation *did* work.
9. You can now leave Python by typing `exit()` and press *Enter*.

### Running the example project

With NanoLib duly loaded, the example project shows you through NanoLib usage with a Nanotec controller. **Note:** For each step, comments in the provided example code explain the functions used. The example project consists of:

- *nanolib\_example.py* (main program)
- *nanolib\_helper.py* (helper class for wrapping the NanoLib accessor)
- *nanolib\_sampler\_example.py* (optional example for sampler use)
- *nanolib\_profinet\_example.py* (optional example for PROFINET devices)

In a command line or powershell: Use `python <PATH_TO_EXAMPLE_FOLDER>\nanotec_example.py` to run the *nanotec\_example.py* file. The example demonstrates the typical workflow for handling a controller:

1. Check the PC for connected hardware (adapters) and list them.
2. Establish connection to an adapter.
3. Scan the bus for connected controller devices.
4. Connect to a device.
5. Read/write from/to the controller's object dictionary (examples provided in the code).
6. Close the connection *first* to the device, *then* to the adapter.

An example to demonstrate the logging function is in the *NanolibLoggingCallbackExample* folder. You can find more examples, with some motion commands for various operation modes, in the *Knowledge Base* at [nanotec.com](http://nanotec.com).

## 6 Linux Setup

For a *NanoLib* setup with Python in Linux, please **note** that Python's pip package is called *nanotec\_nanolib\_linux* to avert conflict with similar-named products.

1. Install *Python ≥ 3.7* from [www.python.org/](http://www.python.org/).
2. Nanotec recommends using *pip* and *virtual environment*. In a bash: Use `sudo apt install python3-pip python3-venv -y` to install both.
3. Before installing nanoteclib, you better set a virtual environment as follows:

```
mkdir test_project
cd test_project
python3 -m venv .env
source ./env/bin/activate
```

→ On setup **success**, the bash shows an (.env) prefix, say, (.env) `username@hostname:~/test_project$`

4. Use the *wheel* package to install nanoteclib by `pip3 install wheel`.
5. In the console: Type `pip3 install PATH_TO_NANOTEC_LIB_TAR_GZ/nanolib_python_linux_N.N.N.tar.gz`.
6. Wait for the shell to produce a success report ending on `Successfully installed nanolib_python_linux-N.N.N`, with *N.N.N* telling the NanoLib version.
7. To check if the installation has worked, open a bash, if you haven't already.
8. Type `python3` and press *Enter* to open Python's shell and see something like this:

```
Python <>
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

9. In Python: Type `import nanotec_nanolib` and press *Enter*. If no error shows, the installation *did work*.
10. You can now leave Python by typing `exit()` and press *Enter*.

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1. Check the PC for connected hardware (adapters) and list them.
2. Establish connection to an adapter.
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5. Read/write from/to the controller's object dictionary (examples provided in the code).
6. Close the connection *first* to the device, *then* to the adapter.

An example to demonstrate the logging function is in the *NanolibLoggingCallbackExample* folder. You can find more examples, with some motion commands for various operation modes, in the *Knowledge Base* at [nanotec.com](http://nanotec.com).

## 7 Classes / functions reference

Find here a list of *NanoLib*'s user interface classes and their member functions. The typical description of a function includes a short introduction, the function definition and a parameter / return list:

### ExampleFunction ()

Tells you briefly what the function does.

|            |                   |                               |
|------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>param_a</i>    | Additional comment if needed. |
|            | <i>param_b</i>    |                               |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i> | Additional comment if needed. |

## 7.1 NanoLibAccessor

Interface class used as entry point to the *NanoLib*. A typical workflow looks like this:

1. Start by scanning for hardware with *NanoLibAccessor.listAvailableBusHardware ()*.
2. Set the communication settings with *BusHardwareOptions ()*.
3. Open the hardware connection with *NanoLibAccessor.openBusHardwareWithProtocol ()*.
4. Scan the bus for connected devices with *NanoLibAccessor.scanDevices ()*.
5. Add a device with *NanoLibAccessor.addDevice ()*.
6. Connect to the device with *NanoLibAccessor.connectDevice ()*.
7. After finishing the operation, disconnect the device with *NanoLibAccessor.disconnectDevice ()*.
8. Remove the device with *NanoLibAccessor.removeDevice ()*.
9. Close the hardware connection with *NanoLibAccessor.closeBusHardware ()*.

*NanoLibAccessor* has the following public member functions:

### listAvailableBusHardware ()

Use this function to list available fieldbus hardware.

```
listAvailableBusHardware (self)
```

|         |                       |                                       |
|---------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Returns | <i>ResultBusHwIds</i> | Delivers a <u>fieldbus ID array</u> . |
|---------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|

### openBusHardwareWithProtocol ()

Use this function to connect bus hardware.

```
openBusHardwareWithProtocol (self, busHwId, busHwOpt)
```

|            |                   |                                               |
|------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>busHwId</i>    | Specifies the <u>fieldbus</u> to open.        |
|            | <i>busHwOpt</i>   | Specifies <u>fieldbus opening options</u> .   |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i> | Confirms that a <u>void</u> function has run. |

### isBusHardwareOpen ()

Use this function to check if your fieldbus hardware connection is open.

```
isBusHardwareOpen (self, busHardwareId)
```

|            |                      |                                         |
|------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>BusHardwareId</i> | Specifies each <u>fieldbus</u> to open. |
| Returns    | <i>true</i>          | Hardware is open.                       |
|            | <i>false</i>         | Hardware is closed.                     |

**getProtocolSpecificAccessor ()**

Use this function to get the protocol-specific accessor object.

```
getProtocolSpecificAccessor (self, busHwId)
```

Parameters *busHwId*

Specifies the fieldbus to get the accessor for.

Returns *ResultVoid*

Confirms that a void function has run.

**getProfinetDCP ()**

Use this function to return a reference to Profinet DCP interface.

```
getProfinetDCP (self)
```

Returns ProfinetDCP

**getSamplerInterface ()**

Use this function to get a reference to the sampler interface.

```
getSamplerInterface (self)
```

Returns *SamplerInterface*

Refers to the sampler interface class.

**setBusState ()**

Use this function to set the bus-protocol-specific state.

```
setBusState (self, busHwId, state)
```

Parameters *busHwId*

Specifies the fieldbus to open.

*state*

Assigns a bus-specific state as a string value.

Returns *ResultVoid*

Confirms that a void function has run.

**scanDevices ()**

Use this function to scan for devices in the network.

```
scanDevices (self, busHwId, callback)
```

Parameters *busHwId*

Specifies the fieldbus to scan.

*callback*

NlcScanBusCallback progress tracer.

Returns *ResultDeviceIds*

Delivers a device ID array.

*IError*

Informs that a device is not found.

**addDevice ()**

Use this function to add a bus device described by *deviceId* to *NanoLib*'s internal device list, and to return *deviceHandle* for it.

```
addDevice (self, deviceId)
```

Parameters *deviceId*

Specifies the device to add to the list.

Returns *ResultDeviceHandle*

Delivers a device handle.

**connectDevice ()**

Use this function to connect a device by *deviceHandle*.

```
connectDevice (self, deviceHandle)
```

Parameters *deviceHandle* Specifies what bus device NanoLib connects to.

Returns *ResultVoid* Confirms that a void function has run.

*IError* Informs that a device is not found.

**getDeviceName ()**

Use this function to get a device's name by *deviceHandle*.

```
getDeviceName (self, deviceHandle)
```

Parameters *deviceHandle* Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the name for.

Returns *ResultString* Delivers device names as a string.

**getDeviceProductCode ()**

Use this function to get a device's product code by *deviceHandle*.

```
getDeviceProductCode (self, deviceHandle)
```

Parameters *deviceHandle* Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the product code for.

Returns *ResultInt* Delivers product codes as an integer.

**getDeviceVendorId ()**

Use this function to get the device vendor ID by *deviceHandle*.

```
getDeviceVendorId (self, deviceHandle)
```

Parameters *deviceHandle* Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the vendor ID for.

Returns *ResultInt* Delivers vendor ID's as an integer.

*ResourceUnavailable* Informs that no data is found.

**getDeviceId ()**

Use this function to get a specific device's ID from the *NanoLib* internal list.

```
getDeviceId (self)
```

Parameters *deviceHandle* Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the device ID for.

Returns *ResultDeviceId* Delivers a device ID.

**getDeviceIds ()**

Use this function to get all devices' ID from the *NanoLib* internal list.

```
getDeviceIds (self)
```

Returns *ResultDeviceIds* Delivers a device ID list.

**getDeviceUid ()**

Use this function to get a device's unique ID (96 bit / 12 bytes) by *deviceHandle*.

```
getDeviceUid (self)
```

|            |                            |                                                           |
|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>        | Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the unique ID for. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultArrayByte</i>     | Delivers unique ID's as a <u>byte array</u> .             |
|            | <i>ResourceUnavailable</i> | Informs that <u>no data</u> is found.                     |

**getDeviceSerialNumber ()**

Use this function to get a device's serial number by *deviceHandle*.

```
getDeviceSerialNumber (self)
```

|            |                            |                                                               |
|------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>        | Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the serial number for. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultString</i>        | Delivers serial numbers as a <u>string</u> .                  |
|            | <i>ResourceUnavailable</i> | Informs that <u>no data</u> is found.                         |

**getDeviceHardwareGroup ()**

Use this function to get a bus device's hardware group by *deviceHandle*.

```
getDeviceHardwareGroup (self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                     |                                                                |
|------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i> | Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the hardware group for. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultInt</i>    | Delivers hardware groups as an <u>integer</u> .                |

**getDeviceHardwareVersion ()**

Use this function to get a bus device's hardware version by *deviceHandle*.

```
getDeviceHardwareVersion (self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                            |                                                                  |
|------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>        | Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the hardware version for. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultString</i>        | Delivers device names as a <u>string</u> .                       |
|            | <i>ResourceUnavailable</i> | Informs that <u>no data</u> is found.                            |

**getDeviceFirmwareBuildId ()**

Use this function to get a bus device's firmware build ID by *deviceHandle*.

```
getDeviceFirmwareBuildId (self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                     |                                                                   |
|------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i> | Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the firmware build ID for. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultString</i> | Delivers device names as a <u>string</u> .                        |

**getDeviceBootloaderVersion ()**

Use this function to get a bus device's bootloader version by *deviceHandle*.

```
getDeviceBootloaderVersion (self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                            |                                                                    |
|------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>        | Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the bootloader version for. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultInt</i>           | Delivers bootloader versions as an <u>integer</u> .                |
|            | <i>ResourceUnavailable</i> | Informs that <u>no data</u> is found.                              |

**getDeviceBootloaderBuildId ()**

Use this function to get a bus device's bootloader build ID by *deviceHandle*.

```
getDeviceBootloaderBuildId (self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                     |                                                                     |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i> | Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the bootloader build ID for. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultString</i> | Delivers device names as a <u>string</u> .                          |

**rebootDevice ()**

Use this function to reboot the device by *deviceHandle*.

```
rebootDevice (self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                     |                                               |
|------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i> | Specifies the <u>fieldbus</u> to reboot.      |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>   | Confirms that a <u>void</u> function has run. |

**getDeviceState ()**

Use this function to get the device-protocol-specific state.

```
getDeviceState (self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                     |                                                       |
|------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i> | Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the state for. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultString</i> | Delivers device names as a <u>string</u> .            |

**setDeviceState ()**

Use this function to set the device-protocol-specific state.

```
setDeviceState (self, deviceHandle, state):
```

|            |                     |                                                       |
|------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i> | Specifies what bus device NanoLib sets the state for. |
|            | <i>state</i>        | Assigns a bus-specific state as a string value.       |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>   | Confirms that a <u>void</u> function has run.         |

**getConnectionState ()**

Use this function to get a specific device's last known connection state by *deviceHandle* (= *Disconnected*, *Connected*, *ConnectedBootloader*)

```
getConnectionState (self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                              |                                                                                                              |
|------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>          | Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the connection state for.                                             |
| Returns    | <i>ResultConnectionState</i> | Delivers a <u>connection state</u> (= <i>Disconnected</i> , <i>Connected</i> , <i>ConnectedBootloader</i> ). |

**checkConnectionState ()**

Only if the last known state was not *Disconnected*: Use this function to check and possibly update a specific device's connection state by *deviceHandle* and by testing several mode-specific operations.

```
checkConnectionState (self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                              |                                                                    |
|------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>          | Specifies what bus device NanoLib checks the connection state for. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultConnectionState</i> | Delivers a <u>connection state</u> (= not <i>Disconnected</i> ).   |

**assignObjectDictionary ()**

Use this **manual** function to assign an object dictionary (OD) to *deviceHandle* on your **own**.

```
assignObjectDictionary (self, deviceHandle, objectDictionary)
```

|            |                         |                                                      |
|------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>     | Specifies what bus device NanoLib assigns the OD to. |
|            | <i>objectDictionary</i> |                                                      |

|         |                               |                                                       |
|---------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Returns | <i>ResultObjectDictionary</i> | Shows the <u>properties of an object dictionary</u> . |
|---------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|

**autoAssignObjectDictionary ()**

Use this **automatism** to let ***NanoLib*** assign an object dictionary (OD) to *deviceHandle*. On finding and loading a suitable OD, NanoLib automatically assigns it to the device. **Note:** If a compatible OD is already loaded in the object library, NanoLib will automatically use it without scanning the submitted directory.

```
autoAssignObjectDictionary (self, deviceHandle, dictionariesLocationPath)
```

|            |                                 |                                                                                    |
|------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>             | Specifies for which bus device NanoLib shall automatically scan for suitable OD's. |
|            | <i>dictionariesLocationPath</i> | Specifies the path to the OD directory.                                            |

|         |                               |                                                       |
|---------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Returns | <i>ResultObjectDictionary</i> | Shows the <u>properties of an object dictionary</u> . |
|---------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|

**getAssignedObjectDictionary ()**

Use this function to get the object dictionary assigned to a device by *deviceHandle*.

```
getAssignedObjectDictionary (self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                               |                                                             |
|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>           | Specifies what bus device NanoLib gets the assigned OD for. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultObjectDictionary</i> | Shows the <u>properties of an object dictionary</u> .       |

**getObjectDictionaryLibrary ()**

This function returns an OdLibrary reference.

```
getObjectDictionaryLibrary (self)
```

|         |                       |                                                          |
|---------|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Returns | <i>OdLibrary&amp;</i> | Opens the entire OD library and its object dictionaries. |
|---------|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|

**setLoggingLevel ()**

Use this function to set the needed log detailing (and log file size). Default level is *Info*.

```
setLoggingLevel (self, level)
```

Parameters *level*

The following log detailings are possible:

- 0 = *Trace* Lowest level (largest log file); logs any feasible detail, plus software start / stop.
- 1 = *Debug* Logs debug information (= interim results, content sent or received, etc.)
- 2 = *Info* Default level; logs informational messages.
- 3 = *Warn* Logs problems that did occur but **won't** stop the current algorithm.
- 4 = *Error* Logs just severe trouble that **did** stop the algorithm.
- 5 = *Critical* Highest level (smallest log file); turns logging **off**; no further log at all.
- 6 = *Off* No logging at all.

**setLoggingCallback ()**

Use this function to set a logging callback pointer and log module (= library) for that callback (not for the logger itself).

```
setLoggingCallback(self, callback, logModule)
```

Parameters *\*callback*

Sets a callback pointer.

*logModule*

Tunes the callback (not logger!) to your library.

- 0 = *NanolibCore* Activates a callback for NanoLib's core only.
- 1 = *NanolibCANopen* Activates a CANopen-only callback.
- 2 = *NanolibModbus* Activates a Modbus-only callback.
- 3 = *NanolibEtherCAT* Activates an EtherCAT-only callback.
- 4 = *NanolibRest* Activates a REST-only callback.
- 5 = *NanolibUSB* Activates a USB-only callback.

**unsetLoggingCallback ()**

Use this function to cancel a logging callback pointer.

```
unsetLoggingCallback (self)
```

**readNumber ()**

Use this function to read a numeric value from the object dictionary.

```
readNumber (self, deviceHandle, odIndex)
```

Parameters *deviceHandle*

Specifies what bus device NanoLib reads from.

*odIndex*Specifies the (sub-) index to read from.Returns *ResultInt*Delivers an uninterpreted numeric value (can be signed, unsigned, fix16.16 bit values).**readNumberArray ()**

Use this function to read numeric arrays from the object dictionary.

```
readNumberArray (self, deviceHandle, index)
```

Parameters *deviceHandle*

Specifies what bus device NanoLib reads from.

*index*

Array object index.

Returns *ResultIntArray*Delivers an integer array.

**readBytes ()**

Use this function to read arbitrary bytes (domain object data) from the object dictionary.

```
readBytes (self, odIndex)
```

|            |                        |                                                 |
|------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>    | Specifies what bus device NanoLib reads from.   |
|            | <i>odIndex</i>         | Specifies the <u>(sub-) index</u> to read from. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultArrayByte</i> | Delivers a <u>byte array</u> .                  |

**readString ()**

Use this function to read strings from the object directory.

```
readString (self)
```

|            |                     |                                                 |
|------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i> | Specifies what bus device NanoLib reads from.   |
|            | <i>odIndex</i>      | Specifies the <u>(sub-) index</u> to read from. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultString</i> | Delivers device names as a <u>string</u> .      |

**writeNumber ()**

Use this function to write numeric values to the object directory.

```
writeNumber (self, deviceHandle, value, odIndex, bitLength)
```

|            |                     |                                                               |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i> | Specifies what bus device NanoLib writes to.                  |
|            | <i>value</i>        | The uninterpreted value (can be signed, unsigned, fix 16.16). |
|            | <i>odIndex</i>      | Specifies the <u>(sub-) index</u> to read from.               |
|            | <i>bitLength</i>    | Length in bit.                                                |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>   | Confirms that a <u>void function</u> has run.                 |

**writeBytes ()**

Use this function to write arbitrary bytes (domain object data) to the object directory.

```
writeBytes (self, deviceHandle, data, odIndex)
```

|            |                     |                                                 |
|------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i> | Specifies what bus device NanoLib writes to.    |
|            | <i>data</i>         | Byte vector / array.                            |
|            | <i>odIndex</i>      | Specifies the <u>(sub-) index</u> to read from. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>   | Confirms that a <u>void function</u> has run.   |

**uploadFirmware ()**

Use this function to update your controller firmware.

```
uploadFirmware (self, deviceHandle, fwData, callback)
```

|            |                                |                                               |
|------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>            | Specifies what bus device NanoLib updates.    |
|            | <i>fwData</i>                  | Array containing firmware data.               |
|            | <i>NlcDataTransferCallback</i> | A <u>data progress</u> tracer.                |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>              | Confirms that a <u>void function</u> has run. |

**uploadFirmwareFromFile ()**

Use this function to update your controller firmware by uploading its file.

```
uploadFirmwareFromFile (self, deviceHandle, absoluteFilePath, callback)
```

|            |                                |                                                        |
|------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>            | Specifies what bus device NanoLib updates.             |
|            | <i>absoluteFilePath</i>        | Path to file containing firmware data (string).        |
|            | <i>NlcDataTransferCallback</i> | A <a href="#">data progress</a> tracer.                |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>              | Confirms that a <a href="#">void function</a> has run. |

**uploadBootloader ()**

Use this function to update your controller bootloader.

```
uploadBootloader (self, deviceHandle, btData, callback)
```

|            |                                |                                                        |
|------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>            | Specifies what bus device NanoLib updates.             |
|            | <i>btData</i>                  | Array containing bootloader data.                      |
|            | <i>NlcDataTransferCallback</i> | A <a href="#">data progress</a> tracer.                |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>              | Confirms that a <a href="#">void function</a> has run. |

**uploadBootloaderFromFile ()**

Use this function to update your controller bootloader by uploading its file.

```
uploadBootloaderFromFile (self, deviceHandle, bootloaderAbsolutePath,
callback)
```

|            |                                |                                                        |
|------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>            | Specifies what bus device NanoLib updates.             |
|            | <i>bootloaderAbsolutePath</i>  | Path to file containing bootloader data (string).      |
|            | <i>NlcDataTransferCallback</i> | A <a href="#">data progress</a> tracer.                |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>              | Confirms that a <a href="#">void function</a> has run. |

**uploadBootloaderFirmware ()**

Use this function to update your controller bootloader and firmware.

```
uploadBootloaderFirmware (self, deviceHandle, btData, fwData, callback)
```

|            |                                |                                                        |
|------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>            | Specifies what bus device NanoLib updates.             |
|            | <i>btData</i>                  | Array containing bootloader data.                      |
|            | <i>fwData</i>                  | Array containing firmware data.                        |
|            | <i>NlcDataTransferCallback</i> | A <a href="#">data progress</a> tracer.                |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>              | Confirms that a <a href="#">void function</a> has run. |

**uploadBootloaderFirmwareFromFile ()**

Use this function to update your controller bootloader and firmware by uploading the files.

```
uploadBootloaderFirmwareFromFile (self, deviceHandle,
bootloaderAbsolutePath, absoluteFilePath, callback)
```

|            |                               |                                                   |
|------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>           | Specifies what bus device NanoLib updates.        |
|            | <i>bootloaderAbsolutePath</i> | Path to file containing bootloader data (string). |
|            | <i>absoluteFilePath</i>       | Path to file containing firmware data (uint8_t).  |

|         |                                |                                               |
|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
|         | <i>NlcDataTransferCallback</i> | A <u>data progress</u> tracer.                |
| Returns | <i>ResultVoid</i>              | Confirms that a <u>void</u> function has run. |

**uploadNanoJ ()**

Use this public function to upload the NanoJ program to your controller.

```
uploadNanoJ (self, deviceHandle, vmmData, callback)
```

|            |                                |                                               |
|------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>            | Specifies what bus device NanoLib uploads to. |
|            | <i>vmmData</i>                 | Array containing NanoJ data.                  |
|            | <i>NlcDataTransferCallback</i> | A <u>data progress</u> tracer.                |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>              | Confirms that a <u>void</u> function has run. |

**uploadNanoJFromFile ()**

Use this public function to upload the NanoJ program to your controller by uploading the file.

```
uploadNanoJFromFile (self, deviceHandle, absoluteFilePath, callback)
```

|            |                                |                                               |
|------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i>            | Specifies what bus device NanoLib uploads to. |
|            | <i>absoluteFilePath</i>        | Path to file containing NanoJ data (string).  |
|            | <i>NlcDataTransferCallback</i> | A <u>data progress</u> tracer.                |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>              | Confirms that a <u>void</u> function has run. |

**disconnectDevice ()**

Use this function to disconnect your device by *deviceHandle*.

```
disconnectDevice (self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                     |                                                     |
|------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i> | Specifies what bus device NanoLib disconnects from. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>   | Confirms that a <u>void</u> function has run.       |

**removeDevice ()**

Use this function to remove your device from *NanoLib*'s internal device list.

```
removeDevice (self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                     |                                               |
|------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>deviceHandle</i> | Specifies what bus device NanoLib delists.    |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>   | Confirms that a <u>void</u> function has run. |

**closeBusHardware ()**

Use this function to disconnect from your fieldbus hardware.

```
closeBusHardware (self, busHwId)
```

|            |                   |                                                   |
|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>busHwId</i>    | Specifies the <u>fieldbus</u> to disconnect from. |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i> | Confirms that a <u>void</u> function has run.     |

**7.2 BusHardwareId**

Use this class to identify a bus hardware one-to-one or to distinguish different bus hardware from each other. This class (without setter functions to be immutable from creation on) also holds information on:

- Hardware (= adapter name, network adapter etc.) ■ Protocol to use (= Modbus TCP, CANopen etc.)
- Bus hardware specifier (= serial port name, MAC address etc.) ■ Friendly name

## Parameters

|            |                                |                                                               |
|------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>busHardware_</i>            | Hardware type (= ZK-USB-CAN-1 etc.).                          |
|            | <i>protocol_</i>               | Bus communication protocol (= CANopen etc.).                  |
|            | <i>hardwareSpecifier_</i>      | The specifier of a hardware (= COM3 etc.).                    |
|            | <i>extraHardwareSpecifier_</i> | The extra specifier of the hardware (say, USB location info). |
|            | <i>name_</i>                   | A friendly name (= <i>AdapterName (Port)</i> etc. ).          |

## equals ()

Compares a new bus hardware ID to existing ones.

```
equals (self, other)
```

|            |              |                                   |
|------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>other</i> | Another object of the same class. |
| Returns    | <i>true</i>  | If both are equal in all values.  |
|            | <i>false</i> | If the values differ.             |

## getBusHardware ()

Reads out the bus hardware string.

```
getBusHardware (self)
```

Returns     *string*

## getHardwareSpecifier ()

Reads out the bus hardware's specifier string (= network name etc.).

```
getHardwareSpecifier (self)
```

Returns     *string*

## getExtraHardwareSpecifier ()

Reads out the bus extra hardware's specifier string (= MAC address etc.).

```
getExtraHardwareSpecifier (self)
```

Returns     *string*

## getName ()

Reads out the bus hardware's friendly name.

```
getName (self)
```

Returns     *string*

**getProtocol ()**

Reads out the bus protocol string.

```
getProtocol (self)
```

Returns     *string*

**toString ()**

Returns the bus hardware ID as a string.

```
toString (self)
```

Returns     *string*

## 7.3 BusHardwareOptions

Find in this class, in a key-value list of strings, all options needed to open a bus hardware and to construct a new bus hardware option object.

**addOption ()**

Creates additional keys and values.

```
addOption (self, key, value)
```

Parameters *key*

Example: BAUD\_RATE\_OPTIONS\_NAME, see *bus\_hw\_options\_defaults*

*value*

Example: BAUD\_RATE\_1000K, see *bus\_hw\_options\_defaults*

**equals ()**

Compares the BusHardwareOptions to existing ones.

```
equals (self, other)void addOption (String key, String value)
{NanolibJNI.BusHardwareOptions_addOption (swigCPtr, this, key, value);}
```

Parameters *other*

Another object of the same class.

Returns     *true*

If the other object has all of the exact same options.

*false*

If the other object has different keys or values.

**getOptions ()**

Reads out all added key-value pairs.

```
getOptions (self)
```

Returns     *string map*

**toString ()**

Returns all keys / values as a string.

```
toString (self)
```

Returns     *string*

## 7.4 BusHwOptionsDefault

This default configuration options class has the following public attributes:

|                          |                                    |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| const <u>CanBus</u>      | <i>canBus</i> = CanBus ()          |
| const <u>Serial</u>      | <i>serial</i> = Serial ()          |
| const <u>RESTfulBus</u>  | <i>restfulBus</i> = RESTfulBus()   |
| const <u>EtherCATBus</u> | <i>ethercatBus</i> = EtherCATBus() |

## 7.5 CanBaudRate

Struct that contains CAN bus baudrates in the following public attributes:

|        |                           |
|--------|---------------------------|
| string | BAUD_RATE_1000K = "1000k" |
| string | BAUD_RATE_800K = "800k"   |
| string | BAUD_RATE_500K = "500k"   |
| string | BAUD_RATE_250K = "250k"   |
| string | BAUD_RATE_125K = "125k"   |
| string | BAUD_RATE_100K = "100k"   |
| string | BAUD_RATE_50K = "50k"     |
| string | BAUD_RATE_20K = "20k"     |
| string | BAUD_RATE_10K = "10k"     |
| string | BAUD_RATE_5K = "5k"       |

## 7.6 CanBus

Default configuration options class with the following public attributes:

|                   |                                                  |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| string            | BAUD_RATE_OPTIONS_NAME = "can adapter baud rate" |
| const CanBaudRate | <i>baudRate</i> = <u>CanBaudRate</u> ()          |
| const Ixxat       | <i>ixxat</i> = <u>Ixxat</u> ()                   |

## 7.7 CanOpenNmtService

For the NMT service, this struct contains the CANopen NMT states as string values in the following public attributes:

|        |                                             |
|--------|---------------------------------------------|
| string | START = "START"                             |
| string | STOP = "STOP"                               |
| string | PRE_OPERATIONAL = "PRE_OPERATIONAL"         |
| string | RESET = "RESET"                             |
| string | RESET_COMMUNICATION = "RESET_COMMUNICATION" |

## 7.8 CanOpenNmtState

This struct contains the CANopen NMT states as string values in the following public attributes:

|        |                                     |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
| string | STOPPED = "STOPPED"                 |
| string | PRE_OPERATIONAL = "PRE_OPERATIONAL" |
| string | OPERATIONAL = "OPERATIONAL"         |
| string | INITIALIZATION = "INITIALIZATION"   |
| string | UNKNOWN = "UNKNOWN"                 |

## 7.9 EtherCATBus struct

This struct contains the EtherCAT communication configuration options in the following public attributes:

```

string NETWORK_FIRMWARE_STATE_OPTION_NAME      Network state treated as firmware mode. Acceptable
= "Network Firmware State"                     values (default = PRE_OPERATIONAL):
                                                ■ EtherCATState::PRE_OPERATIONAL
                                                ■ EtherCATState::SAFE_OPERATIONAL
                                                ■ EtherCATState::OPERATIONAL

string DEFAULT_NETWORK_FIRMWARE_STATE =        Timeout in milliseconds to acquire exclusive lock on
"PRE_OPERATIONAL"                            the network (default = 500 ms).

string EXCLUSIVE_LOCK_TIMEOUT_OPTION_NAME =     Timeout in milliseconds to acquire shared lock on
= "Shared Lock Timeout"                      the network (default = 250 ms).

const unsigned int DEFAULT_EXCLUSIVE_LOCK_    Timeout in milliseconds for a read operation (default
TIMEOUT = "500"                                = 700 ms).

string SHARED_LOCK_TIMEOUT_OPTION_NAME =       Timeout in milliseconds for a write operation (default
= "Shared Lock Timeout"                        = 200 ms).

const unsigned int DEFAULT_SHARED_LOCK_TIME-   Maximum read or write attempts (non-zero values
OUT = "250"                                     only; default = 5).

string READ_TIMEOUT_OPTION_NAME = "Read        Maximum number of attempts to alter the network
Timeout"                                         state (non-zero values only; default = 10).

const unsigned int DEFAULT_READ_TIMEOUT =       Enables or disables PDO processing for digital in- /
"700"                                            outputs ("True" or "False" only; default = "True").

string WRITE_TIMEOUT_OPTION_NAME = "Write        "
Timeout"                                         
```

## 7.10 EtherCATState struct

This struct contains the EtherCAT slave / network states as string values in the following public attributes.

**Note:** Default state at power on is PRE\_OPERATIONAL; *NanoLib* can provide no reliable "OPERATIONAL" state in a non-realtime operating system:

|        |                                       |
|--------|---------------------------------------|
| string | NONE = "NONE"                         |
| string | INIT = "INIT"                         |
| string | PRE_OPERATIONAL = "PRE_OPERATIONAL"   |
| string | BOOT = "BOOT"                         |
| string | SAFE_OPERATIONAL = "SAFE_OPERATIONAL" |
| string | OPERATIONAL = "OPERATIONAL"           |

## 7.11 Ixxat

This struct holds all information for the *Ixxat* usb-to-can in the following public attributes:

```
string           ADAPTER_BUS_NUMBER_OPTIONS_NAME = "ixxat adapter bus number"
const IxxatAdapterBusNumber  adapterBusNumber = IxxatAdapterBusNumber ()
```

## 7.12 IxxatAdapterBusNumber

This struct holds the bus number for the *Ixxat* usb-to-can in the following public attributes:

```
string           BUS_NUMBER_0_DEFAULT = "0"
string           BUS_NUMBER_1 = "1"
string           BUS_NUMBER_2 = "2"
string           BUS_NUMBER_3 = "3"
```

## 7.13 Peak

This struct holds all information for the *Peak* usb-to-can in the following public attributes:

```
string           ADAPTER_BUS_NUMBER_OPTIONS_NAME = "peak adapter bus number"
const PeakAdapterBusNumber  adapterBusNumber = PeakAdapterBusNumber ()
```

## 7.14 PeakAdapterBusNumber

This struct holds the bus number for the *Peak* usb-to-can in the following public attributes:

```
string           BUS_NUMBER_1_DEFAULT = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS1)
string           BUS_NUMBER_2 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS2)
string           BUS_NUMBER_3 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS3)
string           BUS_NUMBER_4 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS4)
string           BUS_NUMBER_5 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS5)
string           BUS_NUMBER_6 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS6)
string           BUS_NUMBER_7 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS7)
string           BUS_NUMBER_8 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS8)
string           BUS_NUMBER_9 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS9)
string           BUS_NUMBER_10 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS10)
string           BUS_NUMBER_11 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS11)
string           BUS_NUMBER_12 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS12)
string           BUS_NUMBER_13 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS13)
string           BUS_NUMBER_14 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS14)
string           BUS_NUMBER_15 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS15)
string           BUS_NUMBER_16 = std::to_string (PCAN_USBBUS16)
```

## 7.15 DeviceHandle

This class represents a handle for controlling a device on a bus and has the following public member functions.

**DeviceHandle ()****equals ()**

Compares itself to a given device handle.

```
equals (self, other)
```

**toString ()**

Returns a string representation of the device handle.

```
toString (self)
```

**7.16 Deviceld**

Use this class (not immutable from creation on) to identify and distinguish devices on a bus:

- Hardware adapter identifier
- Device identifier
- Description

The meaning of device ID / description values depends on the bus. For example, a CAN bus may use the integer ID.

**Parameters**

|            |                       |                                                              |
|------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | <i>busHardwareId_</i> | Identifier of the bus.                                       |
|            | <i>deviceId_</i>      | An index; subject to bus (= CANopen node ID etc.).           |
|            | <i>description_</i>   | A description (may be empty); subject to bus.                |
|            | <i>extraId_</i>       | An additional ID (may be empty); meaning depends on bus.     |
|            | <i>extraStringId_</i> | Additional string ID (may be empty); meaning depends on bus. |

**equals ()**

Compares new to existing objects.

```
equals (self, other)
```

- Returns     *boolean*

**getBusHardwareId ()**

Reads out the bus hardware ID.

```
getBusHardwareId (self)
```

- Returns     *BusHardwareId*

**getDescription ()**

Reads out the device description (maybe unused).

```
getDescription (self)
```

- Returns     *string*

**getDeviceId ()**

Reads out the device ID (maybe unused).

```
getDeviceId (self)
```

Returns *unsigned int*

**toString ()**

Returns the object as a string.

```
toString (self)
```

Returns *string*

**getExtraId ()**

Reads out the extra ID of the device (may be unused).

```
getExtraId (self)
```

Returns *vector<extraId\_>*

A vector of the additional extra ID's (may be empty); meaning depends on the bus.

**getExtraStringId ()**

Reads out the extra string ID of the device (may be unused).

```
getExtraStringId (self)
```

Returns *string*

The additional string ID (may be empty); meaning depends on the bus.

## 7.17 LogLevelConverter

This class returns your log level as a string.

```
toString (logLevel)
```

## 7.18 ObjectDictionary

This class represents an object dictionary of a controller and has the following public member functions:

**getDeviceHandle ()**

```
getDeviceHandle (self)
```

Returns *ResultDeviceHandle*

**getObject ()**

```
getObject (self, _OdIndex)
```

Returns *ResultObjectSubEntry*

**getObjectEntry ()**

```
getObjectEntry (self, index)
```

Returns     *ResultObjectEntry*                 Informs on an object's properties.

**getXmlFileName ()**

Returns     *ResultString*                 Returns the XML file name as a string.

**readNumber ()**

```
readNumber (self, OdIndex)
```

Returns     *ResultInt*

**readNumberArray ()**

```
readNumberArray (self, index)
```

Returns     *ResultArrayInt*

**readString ()**

```
readString (self, OdIndex)
```

Returns     *ResultString*

**readBytes ()**

```
readBytes (self, OdIndex)
```

Returns     *ResultArrayByte*

**writeNumber ()**

```
writeNumber (self, OdIndex, value)
```

Returns     *ResultVoid*

**writeBytes ()**

```
writeBytes (self, OdIndex, data)
```

Returns     *ResultVoid*

**Related Links**

OdIndex

**7.19 ObjectEntry**

This class represents an object entry of the object dictionary and has the following public member functions:

**getName ()**

Reads out the name of the object as a string.

```
getName (self)
```

**getPrivate ()**

Checks if the object is private.

```
getPrivate (self)
```

**getIndex ()**

Reads out the address of the object index.

```
getIndex (self)
```

**getDataType ()**

Reads out the data type of the object.

```
dataType (self)
```

**getObjectCode ()**

Reads out the object code:

|                  |      |
|------------------|------|
| <b>Null</b>      | 0x00 |
| <b>Deftype</b>   | 0x05 |
| <b>Defstruct</b> | 0x06 |
| <b>Var</b>       | 0x07 |
| <b>Array</b>     | 0x08 |
| <b>Record</b>    | 0x09 |

```
getObjectCode (self)
```

**getObjectSaveable ()**

Checks if the object is saveable and it's category (see product manual for more details):

APPLICATION, COMMUNICATION, DRIVE, MISC\_CONFIG, MODBUS\_RTU, NO, TUNING, CUSTOMER, ETHER-NET, CANOPEN, VERIFY1020, UNKNOWN\_SAVEABLE\_TYPE

```
getObjectSaveable (self)
```

**getMaxSubIndex ()**

Reads out the number of subindices supported by this object.

```
getMaxSubIndex (self)
```

**getSubEntry ()**

```
getSubEntry (self, subIndex)
```

See also ObjectSubEntry.

## 7.20 ObjectSubEntry

This class represents an object sub-entry (subindex) of the object dictionary and has the following public member functions:

### **getName ()**

Reads out the name of the object as a string.

```
getName (self)
```

### **getSubIndex ()**

Reads out the address of the subindex.

```
getSubIndex (self)
```

### **getDataType ()**

Reads out the data type of the object.

```
getDataType (self)
```

### **getSdoAccess ()**

Checks if the subindex is accessible via SDO:

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| <b>ReadOnly</b>  | 1 |
| <b>WriteOnly</b> | 2 |
| <b>ReadWrite</b> | 3 |
| <b>NoAccess</b>  | 0 |

```
getSdoAccess (self)
```

### **getPdoAccess ()**

Checks if the subindex is accessible/mappable via PDO:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| <b>Tx</b>   | 1 |
| <b>Rx</b>   | 2 |
| <b>TxRx</b> | 3 |
| <b>No</b>   | 0 |

```
getPdoAccess (self)
```

### **getBitLength ()**

Checks the subindex length.

```
getBitLength (self)
```

### **getDefaultValueAsNumeric ()**

Reads out the default value of the subindex for numeric data types.

```
getDefaultValueAsNumeric(self, key)
```

**getDefaultValueAsString ()**

Reads out the default value of the subindex for string data types.

```
getDefaultValueAsString (self, key)
```

**getDefaultValues ()**

Reads out the default values of the subindex.

```
getDefaultValues (self)
```

**readNumber ()**

Reads out the numeric actual value of the subindex.

```
readNumber (self)
```

**readString ()**

Reads out the string actual value of the subindex.

```
readString (self)
```

**readBytes ()**

Reads out the actual value of the subindex in bytes.

```
readBytes (self)
```

**writeNumber ()**

Writes a numeric value in the subindex.

```
writeNumber (self, value)
```

**writeBytes ()**

Writes a value in the subindex in bytes.

```
writeBytes (self, data)
```

## 7.21 OdIndex

Use this class (immutable from creation on) to wrap and locate object directory indices / sub-indices. A device's OD has up to 65535 (0xFFFF) rows and 255 (0xFF) columns; with gaps between the discontinuous rows. See the CANopen standard and your product manual for more detail.

**getIndex ()**

Reads out the index (from 0x0000 to 0xFFFF).

```
getIndex (self)
```

**getSubindex ()**

Reads out the sub-index (from 0x00 to 0xFF)

```
getSubIndex (self)
```

**toString ()**

Returns the index and subindex as a string. The string default *0xFFFF:0xSS* reads as follows:

- I = index from 0x0000 to 0xFFFF
- S = sub-index from 0x00 to 0xFF

```
std::string nlc::OdIndex::toString () const
```

```
toString (self)
```

Returns      *0xFFFF:0xSS*                          Default string representation

**7.22 OdIndexVector**

Helping class that creates a vector of OdIndex objects, to build an object dictionary.

**7.23 OdLibrary**

Use this programming interface to create instances of the *ObjectDictionary* class from XML. By *assignObjectDictionary*, you can then bind each instance to a specific device due to a uniquely created identifier. *ObjectDictionary* instances thus created are stored in the *OdLibrary* object to be accessed by index. The *ODLibrary* class loads ObjectDictionary items from file or array, stores them, and has the following public member functions:

**getObjectDictionaryCount ()**

```
getObjectDictionaryCount (self)
```

**getObjectDictionary ()**

```
getObjectDictionary (self, odIndex)
```

Returns      ResultObjectDictionary

**addObjectDictionaryFromFile ()**

```
addObjectDictionaryFromFile (self, absoluteXmlFilePath)
```

Returns      ResultObjectDictionary

**addObjectDictionary ()**

```
virtual ResultObjectDictionary addObjectDictionary (std::vector <uint8_t>
const & odXmlData, const std::string &xmlFilePath = std::string ())
```

```
addObjectDictionary (self, odXmlData)
```

Returns      ResultObjectDictionary

## 7.24 OdTypesHelper

In addition to the following public member functions, this class contains custom data types. **Note:** To check your custom data types, open *Nanolib.py* and look for `ObjectEntryDataType_` prefixes.

### **uintToObjectCode ()**

Converts unsigned integers to object code:

|                  |      |
|------------------|------|
| <b>Null</b>      | 0x00 |
| <b>Deftype</b>   | 0x05 |
| <b>Defstruct</b> | 0x06 |
| <b>Var</b>       | 0x07 |
| <b>Array</b>     | 0x08 |
| <b>Record</b>    | 0x09 |

```
uintToObjectCode (objectCode)
```

### **isNumericDataType ()**

Informs if a data type is numeric or not.

```
isNumericDataType (dataType)
```

### **isDefstructIndex ()**

Informs if an object is a definition structure index or not.

```
isDefstructIndex (typeNum)
```

### **isDeftypeIndex ()**

Informs if an object is a definition type index or not.

```
isDeftypeIndex (typeNum)
```

### **isComplexDataType ()**

Informs if a data type is complex or not.

```
isComplexDataType (dataType)
```

### **uintToObjectEntryDataType ()**

Converts unsigned integers to OD data type.

```
uintToObjectEntryDataType (objectDataType)
```

### **objectEntryDataTypeToString ()**

Converts OD data type to string.

```
objectEntryDataTypeToString (odDataType)
```

**stringToObjectEntryDatatype ()**

Converts string to OD data type if possible. Otherwise, returns UNKNOWN\_DATATYPE.

```
stringToObjectEntryDatatype (dataTypeString)
```

**objectEntryDataTpyeBitLength ()**

Informs on bit length of an object entry data type.

```
objectEntryDataTpyeBitLength (dataType)
```

**7.25 RESTfulBus struct**

This struct contains the communication configuration options for the RESTful interface (over Ethernet). It contains the following public attributes:

|                     |                                                           |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| const std::string   | CONNECT_TIMEOUT_OPTION_NAME = "RESTful Connect Timeout"   |
| const unsigned long | DEFAULT_CONNECT_TIMEOUT = 200                             |
| const std::string   | REQUEST_TIMEOUT_OPTION_NAME = "RESTful Request Timeout"   |
| const unsigned long | DEFAULT_REQUEST_TIMEOUT = 200                             |
| const std::string   | RESPONSE_TIMEOUT_OPTION_NAME = "RESTful Response Timeout" |
| const unsigned long | DEFAULT_RESPONSE_TIMEOUT = 750                            |

**7.26 ProfinetDCP**

Under **Linux**, the calling application needs CAP\_NET\_ADMIN and CAP\_NET\_RAW capabilities. To enable: `sudo setcap 'cap_net_admin,cap_net_raw+ep' ./executable`. In **Windows**, the ProfinetDCP interface uses WinPcap (tested with version 4.1.3) or Npcap (tested with versions 1.60 and 1.30). It thus searches the dynamically loaded `wpcap.dll` library in the following order (**Note:** no current Win10Pcap support):

1. `Nanolib.dll` directory
2. Windows system directory `SystemRoot%\System32`
3. Npcap installation directory `SystemRoot%\System32\Wpcap`
4. Environment path

This class represents a Profinet DCP interface and has the following public member functions:

**getScanTimeout ()**

Informs on a device scan timeout (default = 2000 ms).

```
getScanTimeout (self)
```

**setScanTimeout ()**

Sets a device scan timeout (default = 2000 ms).

```
setScanTimeout (self, timeoutMsec)
```

**getResponseTimeout ()**

Informs on a device response timeout for setup, reset and blink operations (default = 1000 ms).

```
getResponseTimeout (self)
```

**setResponseTimeout ()**

Informs on a device response timeout for setup, reset and blink operations (default = 1000 ms).

```
setResponseTimeout (self, timeoutMsec)
```

**isServiceAvailable ()**

Use this function to check Profinet DCP service availability.

- Network adapter validity / availability
- Windows: WinPcap / Npcap availability
- Linux: CAP\_NET\_ADMIN / CAP\_NET\_RAW capabilities

```
isServiceAvailable (self, busHardwareId)
```

Parameters *BusHardwareId*      Hardware ID of Profinet DCP service to check.

Returns      *true*                  Service is available.  
               *false*                  Service is unavailable.

**scanProfinetDevices ()**

Use this function to scan the hardware bus for the presence of Profinet devices.

```
scanProfinetDevices (self, busHardwareId)
```

Parameters *BusHardwareId*      Specifies each fieldbus to open.

Returns      ResultProfinetDevices      Hardware is open.

**setupProfinetDevice ()**

Establishes the following device settings:

- |               |              |                |                   |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|-------------------|
| ■ Device name | ■ IP address | ■ Network mask | ■ Default gateway |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|-------------------|

```
setupProfinetDevice (self, busHardwareId, profinetDevice, savePermanent)
```

**resetProfinetDevice ()**

Stops the device and resets it to factory defaults.

```
resetProfinetDevice (self, busHardwareId, profinetDevice)
```

**blinkProfinetDevice ()**

Commands the Profinet device to start blinking its Profinet LED.

```
blinkProfinetDevice (self, busHardwareId, profinetDevice)
```

**validateProfinetDeviceIp ()**

Use this function to check device's IP address.

```
validateProfinetDeviceIp (self, busHardwareId, profinetDevice)
```

Parameters *BusHardwareId*      Specifies the hardware ID to check.

*ProfinetDevice*      Specifies the Profinet device to validate.

Returns      *ResultVoid*

## 7.27 ProfinetDevice struct

The Profinet device data have the following public attributes:

|                          |                |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| std::string              | deviceName     |
| std::string              | deviceVendor   |
| std::array< uint8_t, 6 > | macAddress     |
| uint32_t                 | ipAddress      |
| uint32_t                 | netMask        |
| uint32_t                 | defaultGateway |

The MAC address is provided as array in format `macAddress = {xx, xx, xx, xx, xx, xx};` whereas IP address, network mask and gateway are all interpreted as big endian hex numbers, such as:

|                           |            |
|---------------------------|------------|
| IP address: 192.168.0.2   | 0xC0A80002 |
| Network mask: 255.255.0.0 | 0xFFFF0000 |
| Gateway: 192.168.0.1      | 0xC0A80001 |

## 7.28 Result classes

Use the "optional" return values of these classes to check if a function call had success or not, and also locate the fail reasons. On success, the `hasError()` function returns `false`. By `getResult()`, you can read out the result value as per type (`ResultInt` etc.). If a call fails, you read out the reason by `getError()`.

|                      |                     |             |
|----------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Protected attributes | <i>string</i>       | errorString |
|                      | <i>NlcErrorCode</i> | errorCode   |
|                      | <i>uint32_t</i>     | exErrorCode |

Also, this class has the following public member functions:

### hasError ()

Reads out a function call's success.

```
hasError (self)
```

|                     |                                                                     |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Returns <i>true</i> | Failed call. Use <code>getError()</code> to read out the value.     |
| <i>false</i>        | Sucessful call. Use <code>getResult()</code> to read out the value. |

### getError ()

Reads out the reason if a function call fails.

```
getError (self)
```

|                             |
|-----------------------------|
| Returns <i>const string</i> |
|-----------------------------|

### getErrorCode ()

Read the `NlcErrorCode`.

```
getErrorCode (self)
```

**getExErrorCode ()**

```
uint32_t getExErrorCode () const
getExErrorCode (self)
```

**7.28.1 ResultVoid**

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns void. The class inherits the public functions and protected attributes from the [result class](#)

**7.28.2 ResultInt**

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns an integer. The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the [result class](#) and has the following public member functions:

**getResult ()**

Returns the integer result if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

Returns

**7.28.3 ResultString**

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns a string. The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the [result class](#) and has the following public member functions:

**getResult ()**

Reads out the string result if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

Returns     *const string*

**7.28.4 ResultByteArray**

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns a byte array. The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the [result class](#) and has the following public member functions:

**getResult ()**

Reads out the byte vector if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

Returns     *const vector<uint8\_t>*

**7.28.5 ResultArrayInt**

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns an integer array. The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the [result class](#) and has the following public member functions:

**getResult ()**

Reads out the integer vector if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

Returns     *const vector<uint64\_t>*

## 7.28.6 ResultBusHwIds

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns a bus hardware ID array. The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the result class and has the following public member functions:

### getResult ()

Reads out the bus-hardware-ID vector if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

Parameters    *const*  
*vector<BusHardwareId>*

## 7.28.7 ResultDeviceId

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns a device ID. The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the result class and has the following public member functions:

### getResult ()

Reads out the device ID vector if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

Returns    *const vector<DeviceId>*

## 7.28.8 ResultDeviceIds

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns a device ID array. The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the result class and has the following public member functions:

### getResult ()

Returns the device ID vector if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

Returns    *const vector<DeviceId>*

## 7.28.9 ResultDeviceHandle

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns the value of a device handle. The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the result class and has the following public member functions:

### getResult ()

Reads out the device handle if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

Returns    *DeviceHandle*

## 7.28.10 ResultObjectDictionary

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns the content of an object dictionary. The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the result class and has the following public member functions:

**getResult ()**

Reads out the device ID vector if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

Returns     *const*  
*vector<ObjectDictionary>*

**7.28.11 ResultConnectionState**

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns a device-connection-state info. The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the [result class](#) and has the following public member functions:

**getResult ()**

Reads out the device handle if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

Returns     *DeviceConnectionStateInfo*   Connected / Disconnected / ConnectedBootloader

**7.28.12 ResultObjectEntry**

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns an [object entry](#). The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the [result class](#) and has the following public member functions:

**getResult ()**

Returns the device ID vector if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

Returns     *const ObjectEntry*

**7.28.13 ResultObjectSubEntry**

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns an [object sub-entry](#). The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the [result class](#) and has the following public member functions:

**getResult ()**

Returns the device ID vector if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

Returns     *const ObjectSubEntry*

**7.28.14 ResultProfinetDevices**

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns a [Profinet device](#). The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the [result class](#) and has the following public member functions:

**getResult ()**

Reads out the Profinet device vector if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

## 7.28.15 ResultSampledataArray

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns a sample data array. The class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the result class and has the following public member functions:

### getResult ()

Reads out the data array if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

## 7.28.16 ResultSamplerState

*NanoLib* sends you an instance of this class if the function returns a sampler state. This class inherits the public functions / protected attributes from the result class and has the following public member functions:

### getResult ()

Reads out the sampler state vector if a function call had success.

```
getResult (self)
```

|         |                         |                                                                              |
|---------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Returns | <i>SamplerState&gt;</i> | Unconfigured / Configured / Ready / Running / Completed / Failed / Cancelled |
|---------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## 7.29 NIcErrorCode

If something goes wrong, the result classes report one of the error codes listed in this enumeration.

| Error code            | C: Category   D: Description   R: Reason                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Success               | <b>C:</b> None. <b>D:</b> No error. <b>R:</b> The operation completed successfully.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| GeneralError          | <b>C:</b> Unspecified. <b>D:</b> Unspecified error. <b>R:</b> Failure that fits no other category.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| BusUnavailable        | <b>C:</b> Bus. <b>D:</b> Hardware bus not available. <b>R:</b> Bus nonexistent, cut-off or defect.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| CommunicationError    | <b>C:</b> Communication. <b>D:</b> Communication unreliable. <b>R:</b> Unexpected data, wrong CRC, frame or parity errors, etc.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ProtocolError         | <b>C:</b> Protocol. <b>D:</b> Protocol error. <b>R:</b> Response after unsupported protocol option, device report unsupported protocol, error in the protocol (say, SDO segment sync bit), etc. <b>R:</b> A response or device report to unsupported protocol (options) or to errors in protocol (say, SDO segment sync bit), etc. <b>R:</b> Unsupported protocol (options) or error in protocol (say, SDO segment sync bit), etc. |
| ODDoesNotExist        | <b>C:</b> Object dictionary. <b>D:</b> OD address nonexistent. <b>R:</b> No such address in the object dictionary.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| ODInvalidAccess       | <b>C:</b> Object dictionary. <b>D:</b> Access to OD address invalid. <b>R:</b> Attempt to write a read-only, or to read from a write-only, address.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| ODTypeMismatch        | <b>C:</b> Object dictionary. <b>D:</b> Type mismatch. <b>R:</b> Value unconverted to specified type, say, in an attempt to treat a string as a number.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| OperationAborted      | <b>C:</b> Application. <b>D:</b> Process aborted. <b>R:</b> Process cut by application request. Returns only on operation interrupt by callback function, say, from bus-scanning.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| OperationNotSupported | <b>C:</b> Common. <b>D:</b> Process unsupported. <b>R:</b> No hardware bus / device support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| InvalidOperation      | <b>C:</b> Common. <b>D:</b> Process incorrect in current context, or invalid with current argument. <b>R:</b> A reconnect attempt to already connected buses / devices. A disconnect attempt to already disconnected ones. A bootloader operation attempt in firmware mode or vice versa.                                                                                                                                          |
| InvalidArguments      | <b>C:</b> Common. <b>D:</b> Argument invalid. <b>R:</b> Wrong logic or syntax.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| AccessDenied          | <b>C:</b> Common. <b>D:</b> Access is denied. <b>R:</b> Lack of rights or capabilities to perform the requested operation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

| Error code          | C: Category   D: Description   R: Reason                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ResourceNotFound    | <b>C:</b> Common. <b>D:</b> Specified item not found. <b>R:</b> Hardware bus, protocol, device, OD address on device, or file was not found.                                                                                                 |
| ResourceUnavailable | <b>C:</b> Common. <b>D:</b> Specified item not found. <b>R:</b> busy, nonexistent, cut-off or defect.                                                                                                                                        |
| OutOfMemory         | <b>C:</b> Common. <b>D:</b> Insufficient memory. <b>R:</b> Too little memory to process this command.                                                                                                                                        |
| TimeOutError        | <b>C:</b> Common. <b>D:</b> Process timed out. <b>R:</b> Return after time-out expired. Timeout may be a device response time, a time to gain shared or exclusive resource access, or a time to switch the bus / device to a suitable state. |

## 7.30 NIcCallback

This parent class for callbacks has the following public member function:

### callback ()

```
callback (self)
```

Returns    [ResultVoid](#)

## 7.31 NIcDataTransferCallback

Use this callback class for data transfers (firmware update, NanoJ upload etc.).

1. For a firmware upload: Define a "co-class" extending this one with a custom callback method implementation.
2. Use the "co-class's" instances in *NanoLibAccessor.uploadFirmware ()* calls.

The main class itself has the following public member function:

### callback ()

```
callback (self)
```

Returns    [ResultVoid](#)

## 7.32 NIcScanBusCallback

Use this callback class for bus scanning.

1. Define a "co-class" extending this one with a custom callback method implementation.
2. Use the "co-class's" instances in *NanoLibAccessor.scanDevices ()* calls.

The main class itself has the following public member function:

### callback ()

```
callback (self, info, devicesFound, data)
```

Returns    [ResultVoid](#)

## 7.33 NIcLoggingCallback

Use this callback class for logging callbacks.

1. Define a class that extends this class with a custom callback method implementation

2. Use a pointer to its instances in order to set a callback by `NanoLibAccessor > setLoggingCallback (...).`

```
callback (self, payload_str, formatted_str, logger_name, log_level,
time_since_epoch, thread_id)
```

```
callback (self, payload_str, formatted_str, logger_name, log_level,
time_since_epoch, thread_id)
```

## 7.34 SamplerInterface

Use this class to configure, start and stop the sampler, or to get sampled data and fetch a sampler's status or last error. The class has the following public member functions.

### **configure ()**

Configures a sampler.

```
configure(self, deviceHandle, samplerConfiguration)
```

|            |                                  |                                                           |
|------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | [in] <i>deviceHandle</i>         | Specifies what device to configure the sampler for.       |
|            | [in] <i>samplerConfiguration</i> | Specifies the values of <u>configuration attributes</u> . |
| Returns    | <i>ResultVoid</i>                | Confirms that a <u>void</u> function has run.             |

### **getData ()**

Gets the sampled data.

```
getData(self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                              |                                                                                                    |
|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | [in] <i>deviceHandle</i>     | Specifies what device to get the data for.                                                         |
| Returns    | <i>ResultSampledataArray</i> | Delivers the sampled data, which can be an empty array if <u>samplerNotify</u> is active on start. |

### **getLastErr() (**

Gets a sampler's last error.

```
getLastErr(self, deviceHandle)
```

|         |                   |                                               |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Returns | <i>ResultVoid</i> | Confirms that a <u>void</u> function has run. |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------|

### **getState ()**

Gets a sampler's status.

```
getState(self, deviceHandle)
```

|         |                                  |                             |
|---------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Returns | <u><i>ResultSamplerState</i></u> | Delivers the sampler state. |
|---------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|

### **start ()**

Starts a sampler.

```
start(self, deviceHandle, samplerNotify, applicationData)
```

|            |                          |                                                 |
|------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | [in] <i>deviceHandle</i> | Specifies what device to start the sampler for. |
|------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|

|         |                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         | [in] <code>SamplerNotify</code>   | Specifies what optional info to report (can be <code>nullptr</code> ).                                                                                                                      |
|         | [in] <code>applicationData</code> | Option: Forwards application-related data (a user-defined 8-bit array of value / device ID / index, or a datetime, a variable's / function's pointer, etc.) to <code>samplerNotify</code> . |
| Returns | <code>ResultVoid</code>           | Confirms that a <code>void</code> function has run.                                                                                                                                         |

**stop ()**

Stops a sampler.

```
stop(self, deviceHandle)
```

|            |                                |                                                     |
|------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters | [in] <code>deviceHandle</code> | Specifies what device to stop the sampler for.      |
| Returns    | <code>ResultVoid</code>        | Confirms that a <code>void</code> function has run. |

## 7.35 SamplerConfiguration struct

This struct contains the data sampler's configuration options (static or not).

### Public attributes

|                                         |                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>std::vector&lt;OdIndex&gt;</code> | <code>trackedAddresses</code>                | Up to 12 OD addresses to be sampled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>uint32_t</code>                   | <code>version</code>                         | A structure's version.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>uint32_t</code>                   | <code>durationMilliseconds</code>            | Sampling duration in ms, from 1 to 65535                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <code>uint16_t</code>                   | <code>periodMilliseconds</code>              | Sampling period in ms.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>uint16_t</code>                   | <code>numberOfSamples</code>                 | Samples amount.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <code>uint16_t</code>                   | <code>preTriggerNumberOfSamples</code>       | Samples pre-trigger amount.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <code>bool</code>                       | <code>usingSoftwareImplementation</code>     | Use software implementation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>bool</code>                       | <code>usingNewFWSamplerImplementation</code> | Use FW implementation for devices with a FW version v24xx or newer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>SamplerMode</code>                | <code>mode</code>                            | <i>Normal, repetitive</i> or <i>continuous</i> sampling.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <code>SamplerTriggerCondition</code>    | <code>triggerCondition</code>                | <b>Start trigger conditions:</b><br><code>TC_FALSE = 0x00</code><br><code>TC_TRUE = 0x01</code><br><code>TC_SET = 0x10</code><br><code>TC_CLEAR = 0x11</code><br><code>TC_RISING_EDGE = 0x12</code><br><code>TC_FALLING_EDGE = 0x13</code><br><code>TC_BIT_TOGGLE = 0x14</code><br><code>TC_GREATER = 0x15</code><br><code>TC_GREATER_OR_EQUAL = 0x16</code><br><code>TC_LESS = 0x17</code><br><code>TC_LESS_OR_EQUAL = 0x18</code><br><code>TC_EQUAL = 0x19</code><br><code>TC_NOT_EQUAL = 0x1A</code><br><code>TC_ONE_EDGE = 0x1B</code><br><code>TC_MULTI_EDGE = 0x1C, OdIndex, triggerValue</code> |
| <code>SamplerTrigger</code>             | <code>SamplerTrigger</code>                  | A trigger to start a sampler?                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

### Static public attributes

|                                      |                                                         |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>static constexpr size_t</code> | <code>SAMPLER_CONFIGURATION_VERSION = 0x01000000</code> |
| <code>static constexpr size_t</code> | <code>MAX_TRACKED_ADDRESSES = 12</code>                 |

## 7.36 SamplerNotify

Use this class to activate sampler notifications when you start a sampler. The class has the following public member function.

### notify ()

Delivers a notification entry.

```
notify(self, lastError, samplerState, sampleDatas, applicationData)
```

|                                  |                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameters [in] <i>lastError</i> | Reports the last error occurred while sampling.                                                                                |
| [in] <i>samplerState</i>         | Reports the sampler status at notification time: Unconfigured / Configured / Ready / Running / Completed / Failed / Cancelled. |
| [in] <i>sampleDatas</i>          | Reports the sampled-data array.                                                                                                |
| [in] <i>applicationData</i>      | Reports application-specific data.                                                                                             |

## 7.37 SampleData struct

This struct contains the sampled data.

|                                         |                                                    |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| <i>uin64_t iterationNumber</i>          | Starts at 0 and only increases in repetitive mode. |
| <i>std::vector&lt;SampledValues&gt;</i> | Contains the array of sampled values.              |

## 7.38 SampledValue struct

This struct contains the sampled values.

|                                |                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>in64_t value</i>            | Contains the value of a tracked OD address.                                     |
| <i>uin64_t CollectTimeMsec</i> | Contains the collection time in milliseconds, relative to the sample beginning. |

## 7.39 SamplerTrigger struct

This struct contains the trigger settings of the sampler.

|                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>SamplerTriggerCondition condition</i> | The trigger condition:<br>TC_FALSE = 0x00<br>TC_TRUE = 0x01<br>TC_SET = 0x10<br>TC_CLEAR = 0x11<br>TC_RISING_EDGE = 0x12<br>TC_FALLING_EDGE = 0x13<br>TC_BIT_TOGGLE = 0x14<br>TC_GREATER = 0x15<br>TC_GREATER_OR_EQUAL = 0x16<br>TC_LESS = 0x17<br>TC_LESS_OR_EQUAL = 0x18<br>TC_EQUAL = 0x19<br>TC_NOT_EQUAL = 0x1A<br>TC_ONE_EDGE = 0x1B<br>TC_MULTI_EDGE = 0x1C |
| <i>OdIndex</i>                           | The trigger's <u>OdIndex</u> (address).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <i>uin32_t value</i>                     | Condition value or bit number (starting from bit zero).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## 7.40 Serial struct

Find here your serial communication options and the following public attributes:

|                |                                                |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------|
| :string        | BAUD_RATE_OPTIONS_NAME = "serial baud rate"    |
| SerialBaudRate | <i>baudRate</i> = <u>SerialBaudRate struct</u> |
| string         | PARITY_OPTIONS_NAME = "serial parity"          |
| SerialParity   | <i>parity</i> = <u>SerialParity struct</u>     |

## 7.41 SerialBaudRate struct

Find here your serial communication baud rate and the following public attributes:

|        |                             |
|--------|-----------------------------|
| string | BAUD_RATE_7200 = "7200"     |
| string | BAUD_RATE_9600 = "9600"     |
| string | BAUD_RATE_14400 = "14400"   |
| string | BAUD_RATE_19200 = "19200"   |
| string | BAUD_RATE_38400 = "38400"   |
| string | BAUD_RATE_56000 = "56000"   |
| string | BAUD_RATE_57600 = "57600"   |
| string | BAUD_RATE_115200 = "115200" |
| string | BAUD_RATE_128000 = "128000" |
| string | BAUD_RATE_256000 = "256000" |

## 7.42 SerialParity struct

Find here your serial parity options and the following public attributes:

|        |                 |
|--------|-----------------|
| string | NONE = "none"   |
| string | ODD = "odd"     |
| string | EVEN = "even"   |
| string | MARK = "mark"   |
| string | SPACE = "space" |

## 8 Licenses

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## 9 Imprint, contact, versions

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| Document      | + Added   > Changed   # Fixed                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Product         |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1.3.0 2024.09 | + NanoLib-CANopen: Support for Peak PCAN-USB adapter (IPEH-002021/002022).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 1.2.0           |
| 1.2.3 2024.07 | > NanoLib Core: Changed logging callback interface (LogLevel replaced by LogModule).<br><br># NanoLib Logger: Separation between core and modules has been corrected.<br># Modbus TCP: Fixed firmware update for FW4.<br># EtherCAT: Fixed NanoJ program upload for Core5.<br># EtherCAT: Fixed firmware update for Core5.<br><br># Modbus RTU: Fixed timing issues with low baud rates during firmware update.<br># RESTful: Fixed NanoJ program upload.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 1.1.3           |
| 1.2.2 2024.05 | # NanoLib Modules Sampler: Correct reading of sampled boolean values.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 1.1.2           |
| 1.2.1 2024.04 | # Java 11 support for all platforms.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 1.1.1           |
| 1.2.0 2024.02 | + Python 3.11/3.12 support for all platforms.<br>+ New logging callback interface (see examples).<br>+ Callback sinks for NanoLib Logger.<br>> Update logger to version 1.12.0.<br>> NanoLib Modules Sampler: Support now for Nanotec controller firmware v24xx.<br>> NanoLib Modules Sampler: Change in structure used for sampler configuration.<br>> NanoLib Modules Sampler: Continuous mode is synonymous with <i>endless</i> ; the trigger condition is checked once; the number of samples must be 0.<br>> NanoLib Modules Sampler: Normal priority for the thread that collects data in firmware mode.<br>> NanoLib Modules Sampler: Rewritten algorithm to detect transition between <i>Ready &amp; Running state</i> .<br># NanoLib Core: No more <i>Access Violation</i> (0xC0000005) on closing 2 or more devices using the same bus hardware.<br># NanoLib Core: No more <i>Segmentation Fault</i> on attaching a PEAK adapter under Linux.<br># NanoLib Modules Sampler: Correct sampled-values reading in firmware mode.<br># NanoLib Modules Sampler: Correct configuration of 502X:04.<br># NanoLib Modules Sampler: Correct mixing of buffers with channels.<br># NanoLib-Canopen: Increased CAN timeouts for robustness and correct scanning at lower baudrates.<br># NanoLib-Modbus: VCP detection algorithm for special devices (USB-DA-IO). | 1.1.0           |
| 1.1.1 2022.09 | + EtherCAT support.<br># NanoLib-Modbus: <i>scanDevice</i> for ModbusTCP protocol returns an error when non-ModbusTCP devices are present on the bus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 1.0.1<br>(B349) |
| 1.1.0 2022.08 | + <i>getDeviceHardwareGroup()</i> .<br>+ <i>getProfinetDCP(isServiceAvailable)</i> .<br>+ <i>getProfinetDCP(validateProfinetDeviceIp)</i> .<br>+ <i>autoAssignObjectDictionary()</i> .<br>+ <i>getXmlFileName()</i> .<br>+ const std::string & <i>xmlFilePath</i> in <i>addObjectDictionary()</i> .<br>+ <i>getSamplerInterface()</i> .<br>+ <i>rebootDevice()</i> .<br>+ Error code <i>ResourceUnavailable</i> for <i>getDeviceBootloaderVersion()</i> , <i>~VendorId()</i> , <i>~HardwareVersion()</i> , <i>~SerialNumber</i> , and <i>~Uid</i> .<br>> <i>firmwareUploadFromFile</i> now <i>uploadFirmwareFromFile()</i> .<br>> <i>firmwareUpload()</i> now <i>uploadFirmware()</i> .<br>> <i>bootloaderUploadFromFile()</i> now <i>uploadBootloaderFromFile()</i> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 1.0.0           |

| Document      | + Added   > Changed   # Fixed                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Product |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| 1.0.2 2022.03 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; <code>bootloaderUpload ()</code> now <code>uploadBootloader ()</code>.</li> <li>&gt; <code>bootloaderFirmwareUploadFromFile ()</code> to <code>uploadBootloaderFirmwareFromFile ()</code>.</li> <li>&gt; <code>bootloaderFirmwareUpload ()</code> now <code>uploadBootloaderFirmware ()</code>.</li> <li>&gt; <code>nanojUploadFromFile ()</code> now <code>uploadNanoJFromFile ()</code>.</li> <li>&gt; <code>nanojUpload ()</code> now <code>uploadNanoJ ()</code>.</li> <li>&gt; <code>objectDictionaryLibrary ()</code> now <code>getObjectDictionaryLibrary ()</code>.</li> <li>&gt; <code>String_String_Map</code> now <code>StringStringMap</code>.</li> <li>&gt; NanoLib-Common: faster execution of <code>listAvailableBusHardware</code> and <code>openBusHardwareWithProtocol</code> with Ixxat adapter.</li> <li>&gt; NanoLib-CANopen: default settings used (1000k baudrate, Ixxat bus number 0) if bus hardware options empty.</li> <li>&gt; NanoLib-RESTful: admin permission obsolete for communication with Ethernet bootloaders under Windows if <code>npcap / winpcap</code> driver is available.</li> <li># NanoLib-CANopen: bus hardware now opens crashless with empty options.</li> <li># NanoLib-Common: <code>openBusHardwareWithProtocol ()</code> with no memory leak now.</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+ Python 3.10 / Linux ARM64 support.</li> <li>+ USB mass storage / REST / Profinet DCP support.</li> <li>+ <code>checkConnectionState ()</code>.</li> <li>+ <code>getDeviceBootloaderVersion ()</code>.</li> <li>+ <code>ResultProfinetDevices</code>.</li> <li>+ <code>NlcErrorCode</code> (replaced <code>NanotecExceptions</code>).</li> <li>+ NanoLib Modbus: VCP / USB hub unified to USB.</li> <li># Modbus TCP scanning returns results.</li> <li># Modbus TCP communication latency remains constant.</li> </ul> | 0.8.0   |
| 1.0.1 2021.11 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+ More <code>ObjectEntryDataType</code> (complex and profile-specific).</li> <li>+ <code>IOPError</code> return if <code>connectDevice</code> and <code>scanDevices</code> find none.</li> <li>+ Only 100 ms nominal timeout for CanOpen / Modbus.</li> <li>+ <code>OdTypesHelper</code> class.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0.7.1   |
| 1.0.0 2021.06 | Edition.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 0.7.0   |